

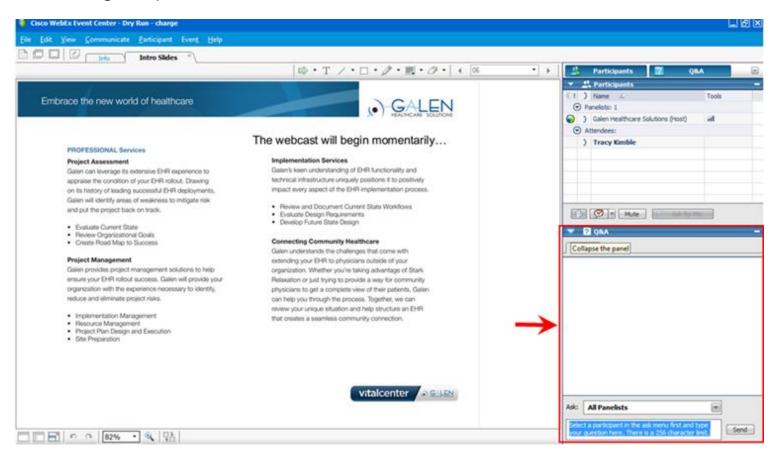
Clinical Data Conversions: Functional and Technical Considerations

Empowering Extraordinary Patient Care





Your phone has been automatically muted. Please use the Q&A panel to ask questions during the presentation!







Introduction

August Borie

- Technical Consultant
- Epic Bridges Certified
- 4 years working in Healthcare
 IT
- Experience in conversions, implementation, and system configuration
- Exposure to a variety of EMR systems for conversions

Fallon Hartford

- Technical Consultant
- M.S. in Health Informatics
- Epic Bridges Certified
- 6 years working in Healthcare
 IT
- Experience in conversions,
 Crystal reporting, ETL, Works
 database training



Overview

- Why are there so many decisions to make?
- Functional Considerations
- Technical Considerations
- Lessons Learned
- An opportunity to ask your questions





So Many Decisions!

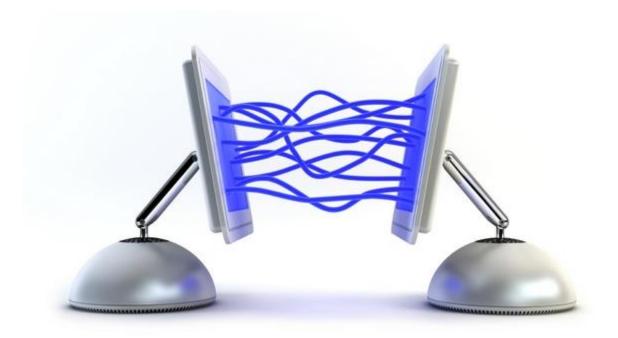
Why?

- Sometimes adding a large amount of data
- Very difficult to change once data has been loaded
- Way the data is stored in the source system does not always play nice with how the target system accepts it
 - Way the source system records medication refills may be different from how the target system records them
- Often need to think long term and about the global context in the organization
 - Mapping highly utilized medication in source system to rarely used medication in target system may not be a good idea





Functional Considerations





Scope of Conversion

- Multiple ways to filter the data
 - Decide what data types will be converted
 - Immunizations, allergies, medications, results, problems, documents, vitals, images
 - Not every data type may be present in the source system
 - If organization has no inbound results interface then there may not be results to extract
 - Different ways to filter clinical data depending on need
- Clearly define what fields will be converted
 - Can help to display where fields render in the target system
 - All fields might not be available to convert
- Can depends on workflow





Current Medications vs. Medication History

- Current Medications
 - Only shows most recent occurrence of medication
 - Not necessarily last time it was prescribed
- Medication History
 - Each time medication was recorded will convert separately
 - Can clog up Past Medications



Annotations

- Easy way to signify that clinical data came from another system
- Way to add data that is not able to be mapped or able to be brought over discretely
 - Free text comments in source system

Embrace the new world of healthcare





Details Rx History Annotations MAR History

Lipitor 40 MG Oral Tablet

Lipitor 40MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily ,08/01/2012

Lipitor 40MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily ,08/01/2012; Qty: 30 (Tablet); Refill: 11; Recorded as History: **09Apr2013**AHS Pro

Ordered by: Authorization: Not Required Rx #:

Rx Benefit: None

Therapy: Managed by: Start Date: 01 Aug2012 Status: Active

Date: 01Aug2012

Rx History

Recorded as History 09Apr2013 Last Updated By: Conversion, AHS Pro

Lipitor 40 MG Oral Tablet, Lipitor 40MG, 1 (one) Tablet daily ,08/01/2012; Qty: 30 (Tablet); Refill: 11;

Ordered by: Authorization: Not Required Rx #:

Rx Benefit: None

Therapy: Managed by: Start Date: 01Aug2012

Annotations

Order Annotated 09Apr2013 01:17PM by Conversion, AHS Pro

Lipitor 40 MG Oral Tablet

OK for generic

Prescription sent to: Coborns #2016, 645 LAKE STREET S, LONG PRAIRIE, MN, (320) 732-2915



Entry Date

8/23/2009

LIPID PANEL FASTING (CHOL, TRIG, HDL, LDL)

Status: Final result Visible to patient: This result is not viewable by the patient. Next appt: None



lewer results are available. Click to view them now.			
	Range	5yr ago	
TRIGLYCERIDES	<150	175 (H)	
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	125 - 200	196	
HDL CHOLESTEROL	> OR = 46	44 (L)	
LDL-CHOLESTEROL Comments: See Note 1	<130	117	
CHOL/HDLC RATIO Result Narrative	< OR = 5.0	4.5	
Ordering Provider:	MATHNIS		

Ordering Provider: MATUNIS

Performing Lab: OW Quest Diagnostics-Cincinnati 6700 Steger Dr Cincinnati OH 45237-3046

Aug 24 2009 10:04AM: Labs are ok except HDL is alittle low. Increase monounsturated fats such as fish, nuts, olive and canola oil; continue Zetia.

Recheck in 6 months, Aug 24 2009 10:27AM: Pt. notified; Result Communication: No patient communication needed at this time

Specimen Collected: 08/22/09 12:00 AM Last Resulted: 08/23/09 2:06 AM

<u>Lab Flowsheet Order Details View Encounter Lab and Collection</u>

Details Routing Result History





Providers

- Map all providers
 - Able to associate providers to meds prescribed, orders placed etc.
 - Not always connected to most recent record
- Use generic "conversion" provider
 - At a quick glance allows users to see where item came from
 - Conversion MD, HeartPro
- Non-providers
 - Administered by
 - Recorded by
 - Can use annotations as well



Galen Intelligent Mapper

- Problems
 - Name
 - ICD-9
 - Problem Code
- Medications
 - Name
 - NDC
 - Medication Code
- Allergies
 - Name
 - Allergy Code





Mapping Considerations

- Use counts to map most commonly used items
- What items to exclude (NKA, NKDA, No Known Medications etc.)
- Think critically about why values may be present
 - Data could have been entered incorrectly
- Ancillary mapping needs
 - Route of Administration
 - Body Site
 - Manufacturer
 - Allergy Reaction



Unverified Items

The good

- Does not require time to map
- Allows users to build a patient's chart history on the fly for ambiguous items

The bad

- Items are not functional within Touchworks
- Items do not participate in DUR (Drug Utilization Review) checking
- Items do not auto-cite into a note
- Cannot assess and charge for unverified problems
- Immunizations display under the Orders Component
- Make sure users know the Verify and Add workflow





Validation

Methods of Validation

- Unit testing
 - Test a few examples of each data type
- Small Scale
 - File data for a small number of patients
- Large Scale
 - Convert data for a large number of patients
 - Validate build and mapping
- Full Scale
 - Convert entire data set to target system





Create Valuable Conversion Team

- Need to include clinical resources
- Helpful if analysts have experience with both target and legacy system
- Testing team
 - Experience with testing workflows for converted items
- Have technical/server resource available
- Resources required for mapping
 - Can be very resource intensive
 - Needed to sign off



Technical Considerations





Types of Conversions

- Non-Discrete Conversion
 - Chart Summary of Data
 - Less work
 - Won't duplicate data
 - Not Reportable
- Discrete Conversion Stored Procedures
 - Inserting data directly into the database
 - Reportable
 - Users can use items in workflow
 - More work
 - Can duplicate data if users are already live on system





Types of Conversions (cont.)

- CCD Continuity of Care Document
 - Active problems, medications, and allergies
 - Semi-discrete
 - Epic will attempt to match items on import
 - Users will need to manually reconcile the remaining items
 - Imported via separate utility (Document Assimilator)
 - Other data can be viewed via a report
- Discrete Conversion HL7 Messages
 - Imported via Interface (Bridges for Epic)
 - Reportable
 - Data is filed directly to the patient's chart
 - Needs to be mapped





Patient Matching

- Different options for matching
 - Standard matching vs. Extended matching criteria
- When would patient matching fail?
 - Name misspelled
 - Name change
 - Info lacking in legacy system
 - Patients don't exist
- Other Considerations
 - Multi-org environment
 - · Use of Internal Organization number in Patient table
 - eMPI Enterprise Master Patient Index
 - Merged and Deactivated Patients





Patient Matching (cont.)

- Epic
 - Matched by Identity ID and ID type
 - Some interfaces can create patients
 - Identity Duplicate Configuration (IDC)
 - Weights
 - "Sounds Like"
- Meditech
 - MRN needed prior to clinical data import for matching



Getting Access to the Data

- Ways to Access Data:
 - Direct network access
 - Access to legacy system
 - Galen Securelink
 - Linked server
 - Copy of legacy system to test database of new system
- Scanned Images
 - Options:
 - Direct network access
 - Removable device
 - FTP





Conversion Server

- Windows Server 2008 R2
- SQL Server 2008 R2
- 4 Server Class CPU cores
- 8 GB RAM
- 1 TB Free Disk Space
- Virtual or Physical



Space Needed for Conversion

- Space needed in Works for discrete item conversion
 - No easy way to estimate this:
 - Test with % of patients and extrapolate
 - Also take into account scanned images
- Space needed in Scan warehouse for image conversion
 - PDFs loaded into scan warehouse
 - 900KB per Chart Summary



Lessons Learned

Immunizations

 Depending on target system, may require an administered date that is not in legacy data

Renamed Clinical Items

- Not convert
- Map to the renamed item or original item?

Vitals

- How to handle out of bound values
 - Ex. 72 ft. instead of inches
- Vital sign readings taken at the same time



Lessons Learned (cont.)

- Rolling Conversions/Gap Loads
 - Important to define updated vs. new data
 - What if data gets deleted in the legacy system?
- Patient Lists
 - Determine queue of import, or whether to import at all
 - By appointment
 - By last date seen



Some of the Systems We Have Worked With

- Allscripts TouchWorks
- Epic
- Meditech
- McKesson
- Allscripts Professional
- Greenway Primesuite
- Vitera Intergy
- E-MDs
- eClinicalWorks
- NextGen
- Touchchart
- Allscripts MyWay
- Medical Practice Solutions (MPS)
- ClinixMD





Questions?

Success stories: http://blog.galenhealthcare.com



Thank you for joining us today, for additional assistance....

You can contact us through our website at www.galenhealthcare.com

